

Project Newsletter 03

JUNE 2025



PIISA results highlighted in webinars, conferences and policy discussion

The PIISA project is entering the final year. We have new research results, and while writing scientific publications, we have presented them in various events during the last six months. PIISA has organized two webinars on the Green Roofs and Agriculture pilots. We have had oral presentations and posters in webinars and conferences.

PIISA results are published as a series of blog posts. The latest one is about forestry pilots, and there is more to come. PIISA has also started guest blog posts. If you are interested in contributing, please drop an email (kati.berninger@tyrskyconsulting.fi).

PIISA has started policy discussion in the first round table for policy makers that was held in the NOCCA conference. The next one will be in September in the event "Adaptive forest management to tackle climate risks". The results of these discussions will be used to draft PIISA policy recommendations.

During the final year, there will be more scientific publications, and PIISA pilots will study the replicability of their insurance solutions. We will be excited to tell more during the coming months.



Kati Berninger

PIISA Dissemination, exploitation and communication Work package lead

Tyrsky Consulting

7th Nordic Conference on Climate Change Adaptation NOCCA 2025



In the NOCCA conference, PIISA organized a round table discussion on adaptation finance and justice. The persons that took part in the discussion were Birgitta Eira, Member of the Municipal Council of Enontekiö, Pertti Onkalo from the City of Rovaniemi, Hilppa Gregow from the Finnish Meteorological Institute, Anna Salminen from Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Finland, and Gunn-Britt Retter from the Saami Council.

In the discussion, the impacts of climate change on the livelihoods of the Sámi community, reindeer herders and forest owners were addressed. Key highlights from the discussion:

- Prevention of damages and updating the knowledge base is important. We should combine both indigenous and scientific knowledge, as well as enhance cooperation.
- Innovative funding solutions are needed. A new type of insurance for reindeer herding could be established to compensate for climate-related losses (like extra feed or fence damage). The insurance premium could be partly paid by the reindeer herding community, and partly by the government.
- The measures to mitigate and adapt to climate change may compete with the Sami land use. It should be ensured that the indigenous people do not bear all the burden when planning land use.
- We could create a fund to finance adaptation in the Arctic area



PIISA Poster

PIISA presented a poster "Piloting insurance solutions for climate change adaptation outlining key results from the pilots.

View Poster

7th European Climate Change Adaption Conference ECCA 2025



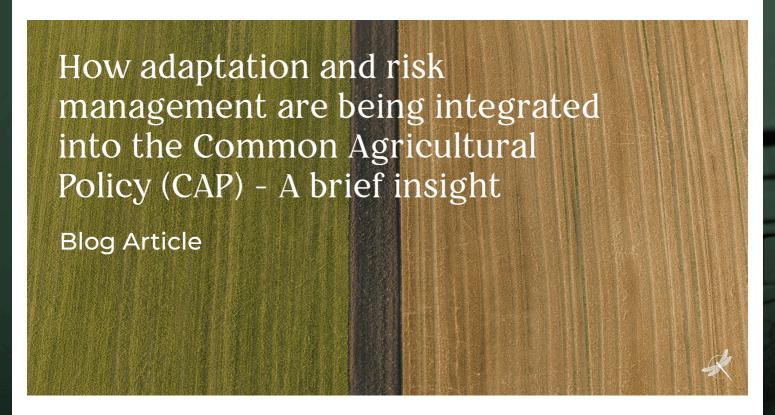


At ECCA2025, PIISA contributed to a forward-looking dialogue on how to transform climate risk governance and insurance for a rapidly changing world. In her panelist role, Hilppa Gregow emphasized the urgent need to build financial and governance capacities that are inclusive, science-based, and ready for multi-hazard realities.

As climate risks become increasingly non-stationary and interconnected, PIISA advocates for a new generation of solutions that:

- Harness dynamic climate models to better anticipate future risks;
- Support multi-hazard approaches that reflect real-world complexity;
- Co-design resilience strategies with local actors, ensuring tools like parametric insurance are equitable, affordable, and responsive;
- Scale proven innovations from risk layering and early-warning-linked insurance to blended finance tools.

A key focus was also placed on inclusive decision-making: strengthening the role of Indigenous Peoples, including the Sámi, whose knowledge systems and rights must be respected and embedded into adaptation finance and governance. This vision is central to PIISA's upcoming priorities: accelerating adaptation through just, replicable, and people-centered financial and governance innovations.

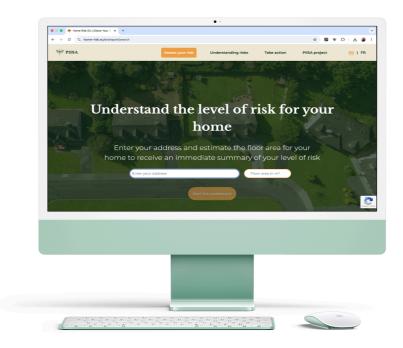


The latest blog article, written by External Advisory Board member Pascal Forrrer, was recently published on the PIISA website.

Throughout the article, you will learn more about how the actual Common Agricultural Policy (CAP 2023-2027) incorporates adaptation to climate warming and environmental challenges. The policy is applied through various mechanisms, including strategic plans, flexible funding, and specific interventions. As member States are required to develop CAP strategic plans outlining their interventions to achieve EU objectives, dive into a few examples of adaptation measures that have been taken.

Read Blog Article

PIISA's Home Risk Assessment Tool



In March 2025, the PIISA Pilot 2 on Soil Stability launched its Home Risk Assessment Tool, for French properties. Clay shrink swell is a significant and widespread problem in France It is estimated that the medium or high risk of clay shrink swell events concern 48% of the national territory.

But, how does it work? You start out by entering your home address. The tool accesses publicly available information related to your location You will then receive a personalised summary of your level of risk. The tool aggregates and synthesises relevant information to provide a tailored summary of the level of risk for your home. Finally, you can learn how you can reduce your level of risk. Take action with practical steps to reduce your level of risk

Throwback on PHSA's Webinars





WEBINAR

Farmers First: Insurance that works for farmers







PIISA webinar Adapting to Climate Risks through Green Roofs: insights from the Netherlands

PIISA webinar Farmers first: Insurance that works for farmers

Webinar presenting results of the PIISA agriculture pilot https://piisa-project.eu/webinar-25-march took place on 25th

PIISA webinar on the Green Roofs pilot <a href="https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilot.https://piisa-pilo project.eu/webinar-30-january was held on 30th January, 2025 to tell about the pilot results from the Netherlands and to get insight about the situation in the Nordic countries. 66 people joined the online event.

March, 2025. The webinar gave insight into ways how farmers can address climate risks in agriculture with parametric insurance as a tool for risk management and climate change adaptation. There were 73 participants online following the webinar.





PIISA x SWIFTT Webinar:

Adaptive Forest Management and Policy to tackle Climate Risks







WEBINAR

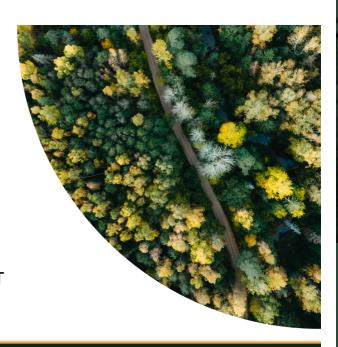
Adaptive Forest Management and Policy to Tackle Climate Risks



11 SEPT 2025



15.30 - 18.00 CET



SAVE THE DATE!

www.swiftt.eu

In September, partner AXA Climate is organizing a co-hosted webinar between the PIISA Project and the SWIFTT Project. This webinar aims to showcase strong collaboration between EU projects with a special focus on forests. This event will be welcoming speakers from the insurance industry as well as risk modellers, forest managers, public administrations, environmental scientists, climate service providers and regulators. Registrations will open soon, so stay tuned!

Project Partners

























Meet our Consortium



Funded by the European Union





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